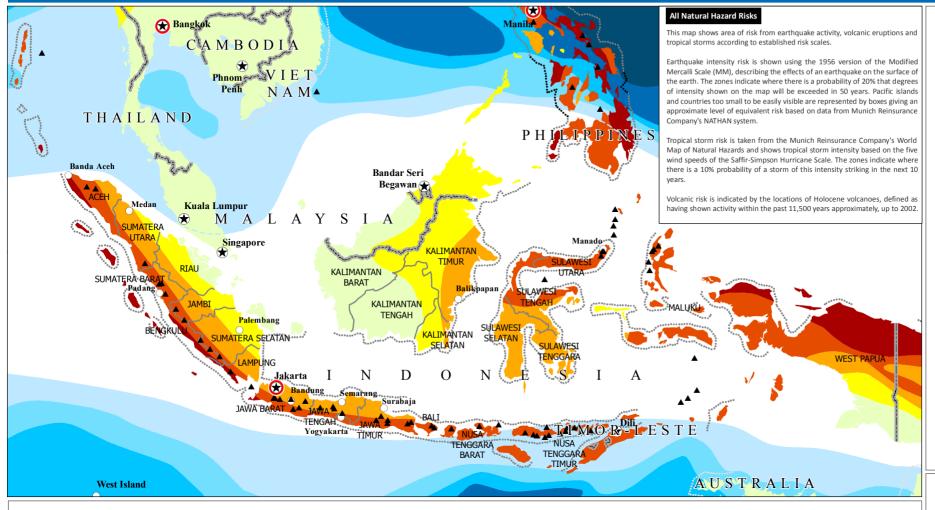
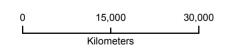
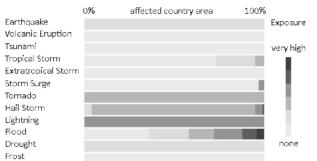
# OCHA Regional Office for Asia Pacific Indonesia: Natural Hazard Risks Issued: 01 March 2011





The bar chart shows the degree of exposure to natural hazards and the percentage of area affected (per country). Tsunami and storm surges are a threat to coastal regions, particularly gulfs, bays, and estuaries. The flood hazard results from river floods and torrential rain. The hazard of dryness and drought is caused by major deviations from the normal amounts of precipitation. The frost hazard depends on the elevation and the latitude.





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### Map data source(s):

UN Cartographic Section, Global Discovery, Indonesia National Statistical Office, Smithsonian Institute, Pacific Disaster Center, UNISYS, Munich Reinsurance Group

### Disclaimers:

The designations employed and the presentation of material on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Secretariat of the United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries.

### Legend

**⊗** OCHA office or presence

★ Country capital

Maior town or city

---- International boundary

— Province boundary

▲ Holocene volcano

### Tsunami Hazards

····· Storm surge

······ Tsunami

······ Tsunami and Storm surge

## Earthquake Intensity Modified Mercalli Scale

Degree I-V

Degree VI

Degree VII

Degree VIII

Degree IX-XII

## Tropical Storm Intensity Saffir-Simpson Scale

One: 118-153 kmh

Two: 154-177 kmh

1WU. 134-177 KIIIII

Three: 178-209 kmh

Four: 210-249 kmh

Five: 250+ kmh

#### Map Doc Name:

- OCHA\_ROAP\_Hazards\_v4\_110606

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- n/a

### Creation Date:

- 22 March 2011

### Projection/Datum:

- Behrmann

### Web Resources:

- http://ochaonline.un.org/roap

### Nominal scale at A4

- 62.000.000

